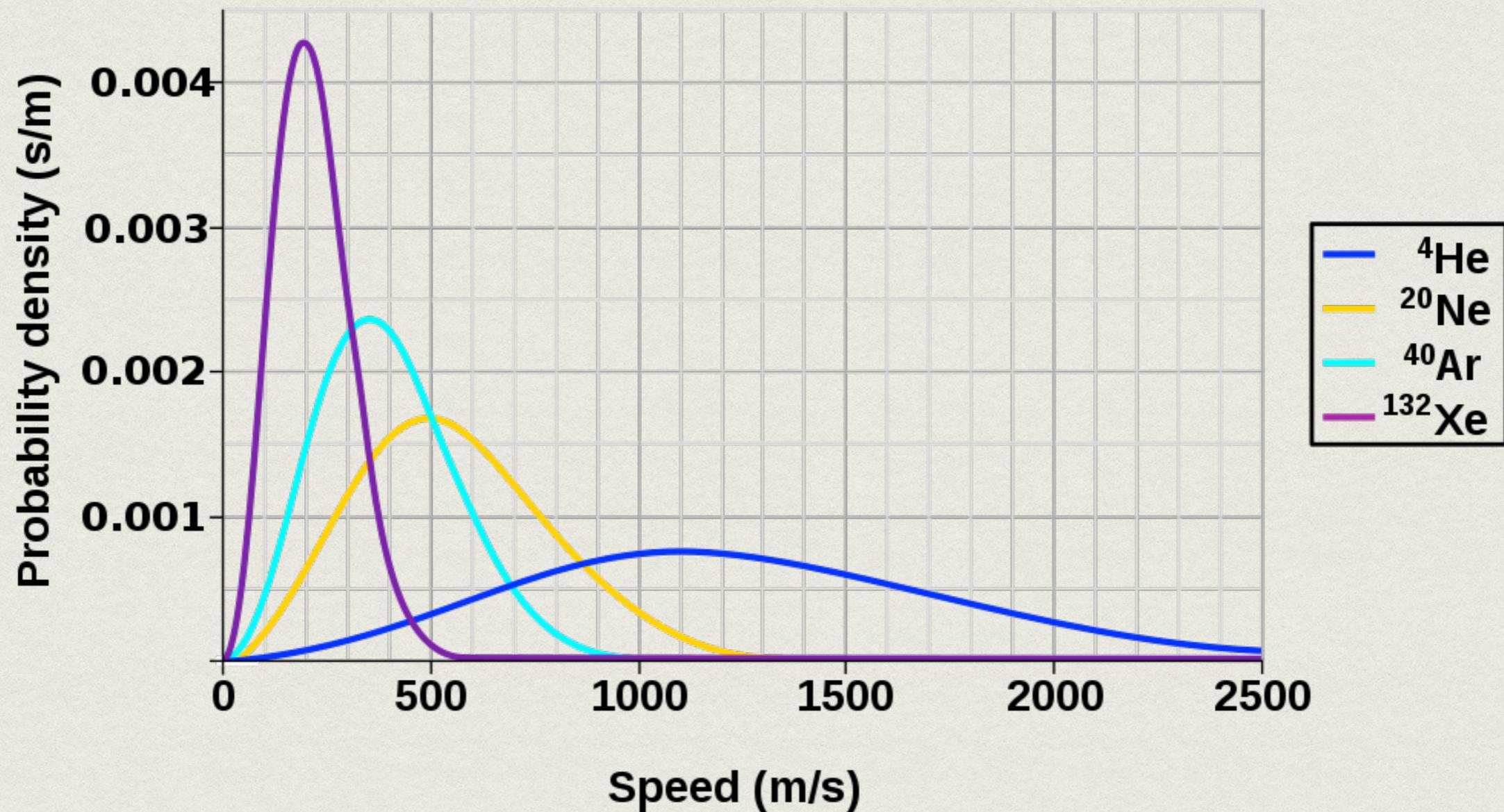


**BOLTZMANN
DISTRIBUTION
FOR MONEY**

NOBLE GAS

Maxwell-Boltzmann Molecular Speed Distribution for Noble Gases



MAXWELL-BOLTZMANN SPEED DISTRIBUTION

The probability density to find a particle with a specific momentum is given by the exponential form,

$$P(p_x, p_y, p_z) = \left(\frac{1}{2\pi m k T} \right)^{3/2} \exp \left[-\frac{p_x^2 + p_y^2 + p_z^2}{2m k T} \right]$$

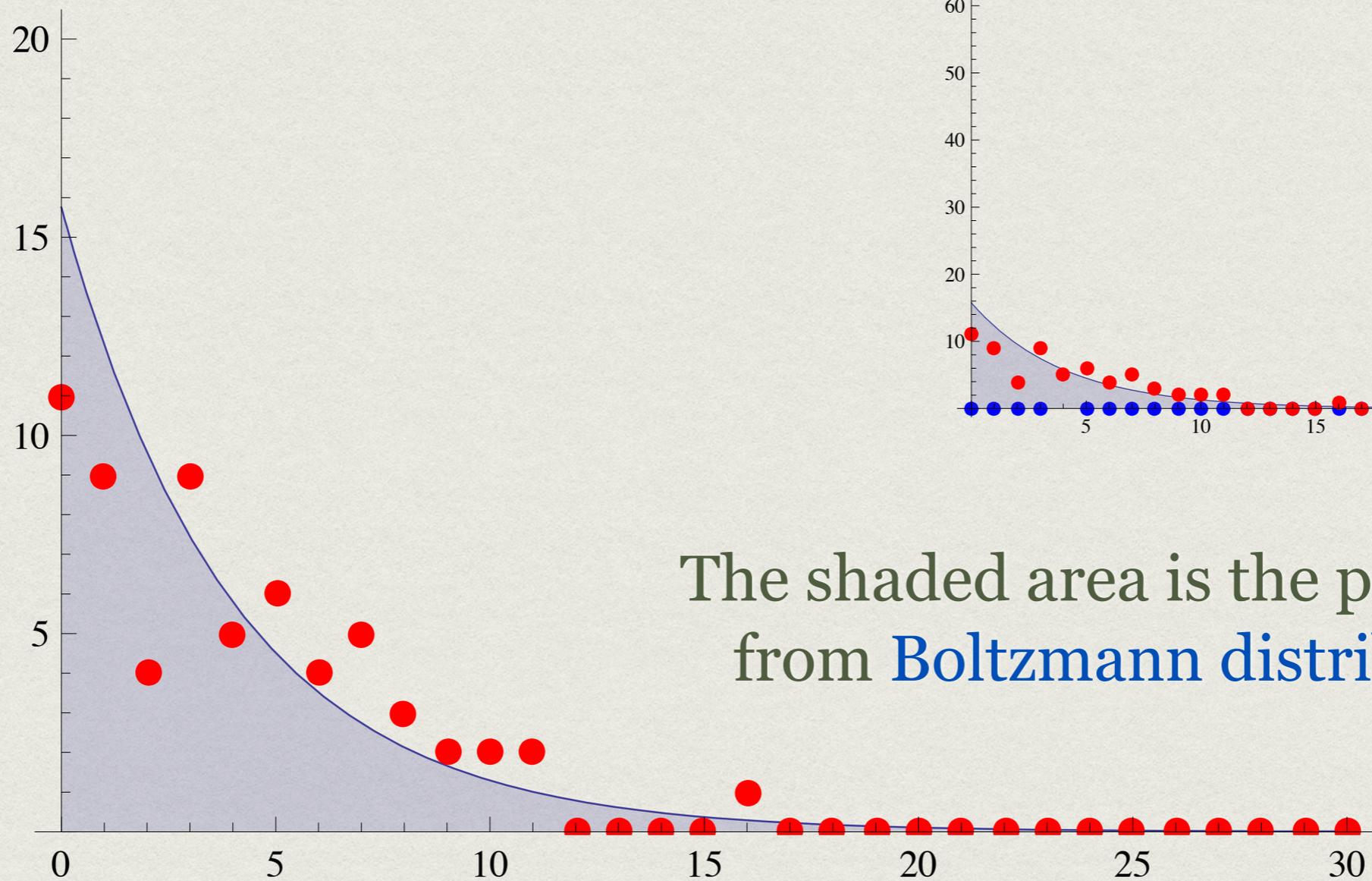
Use the above distribution to compute the Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution for the speed,

$$P(v) = \left(\frac{m}{2\pi k T} \right)^{3/2} 4\pi v^2 \exp \left[-\frac{mv^2}{2kT} \right]$$

薪水遊戲

- 一開始每個人的薪水都是四萬
- 兩人碰到就猜拳
- 贏的加薪一萬，輸的減薪一萬
- 薪水是零又再猜輸，雙方不加不減
- 每個人猜拳30次就停

RESULTS IN CLASS



The shaded area is the prediction from Boltzmann distribution.

PROGRAM

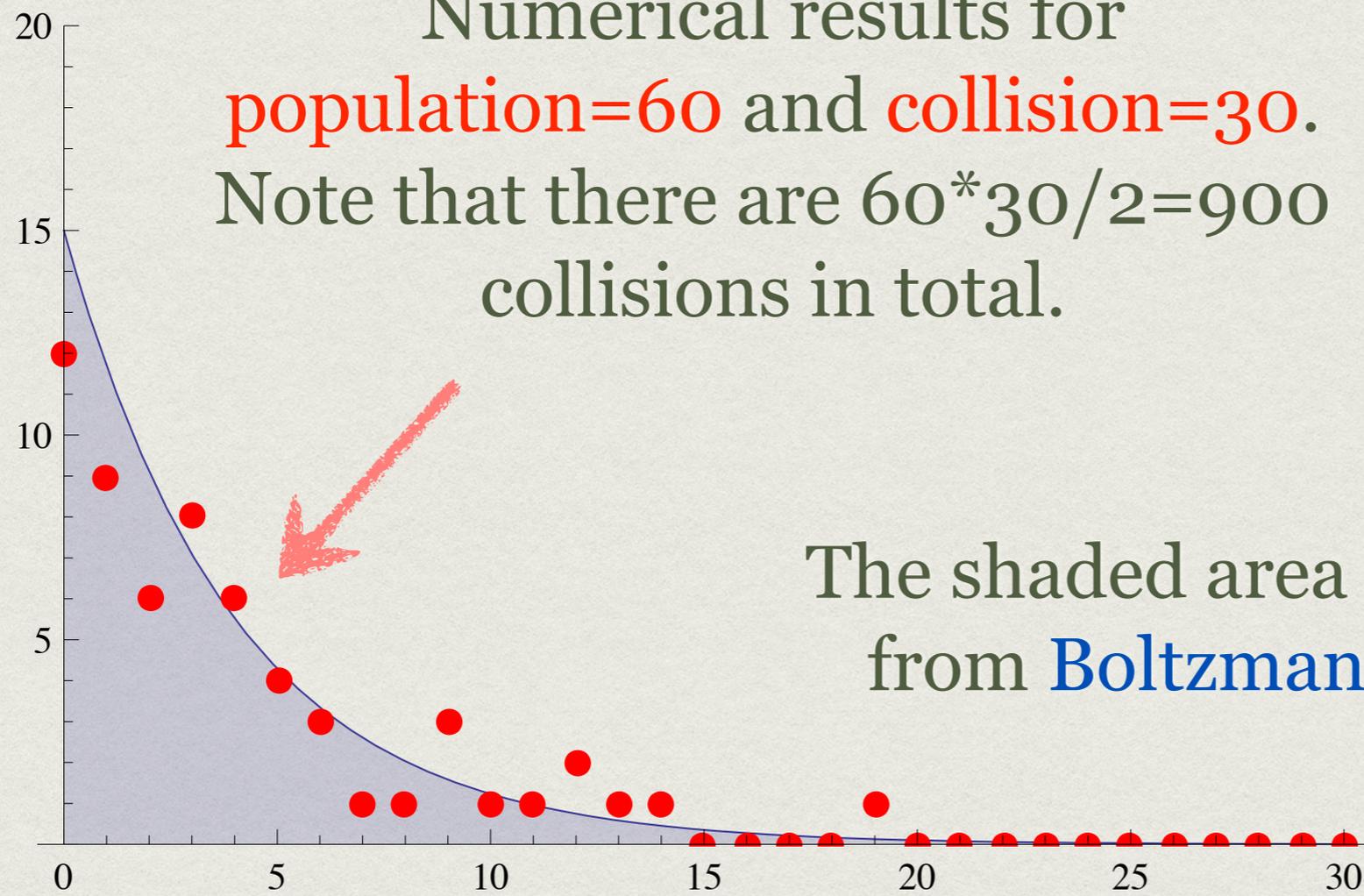
```
population = 60;  
collision = 30;  
average = 4;  
countRange = 30;
```

```
energy = Table[average, {i, 1, population}];  
initial = Table[Count[energy, i], {i, 0, countRange}];
```

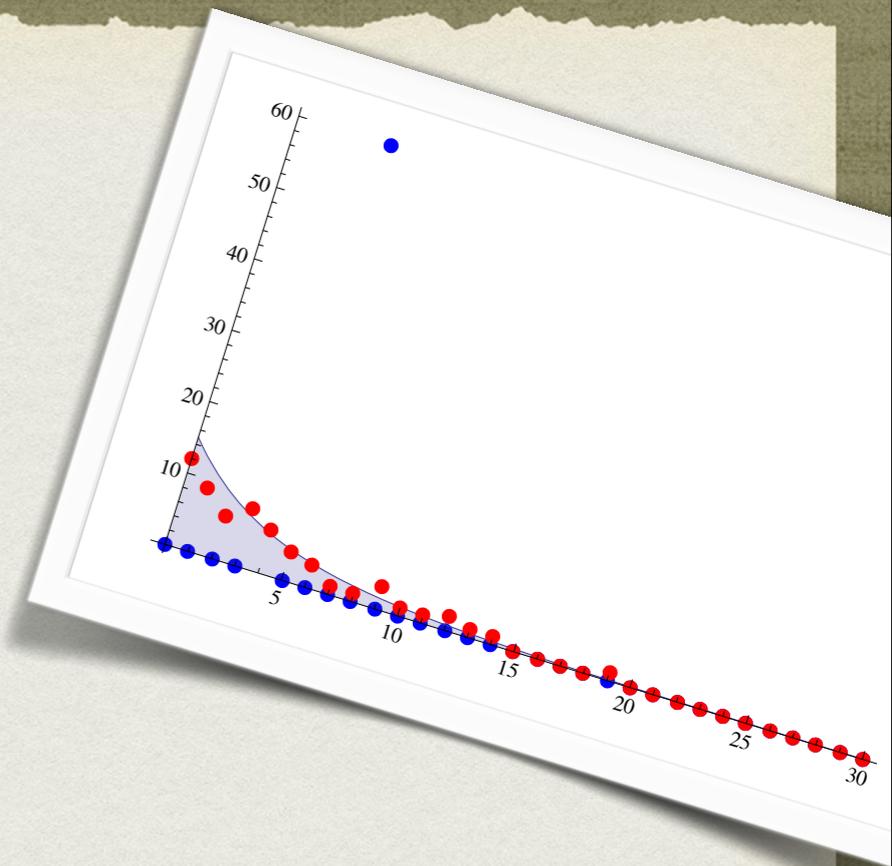
```
For[i = 1, i <= collision*population, i++,  
  robber = RandomInteger[{1, population}];  
  victim = RandomInteger[{1, population}];  
  If[energy[[victim]] > 0, energy[[robber]]++; energy[[victim]]--]  
  ]  
distribution = Table[Count[energy, i], {i, 0, countRange}]
```

NUMERICAL RESULTS

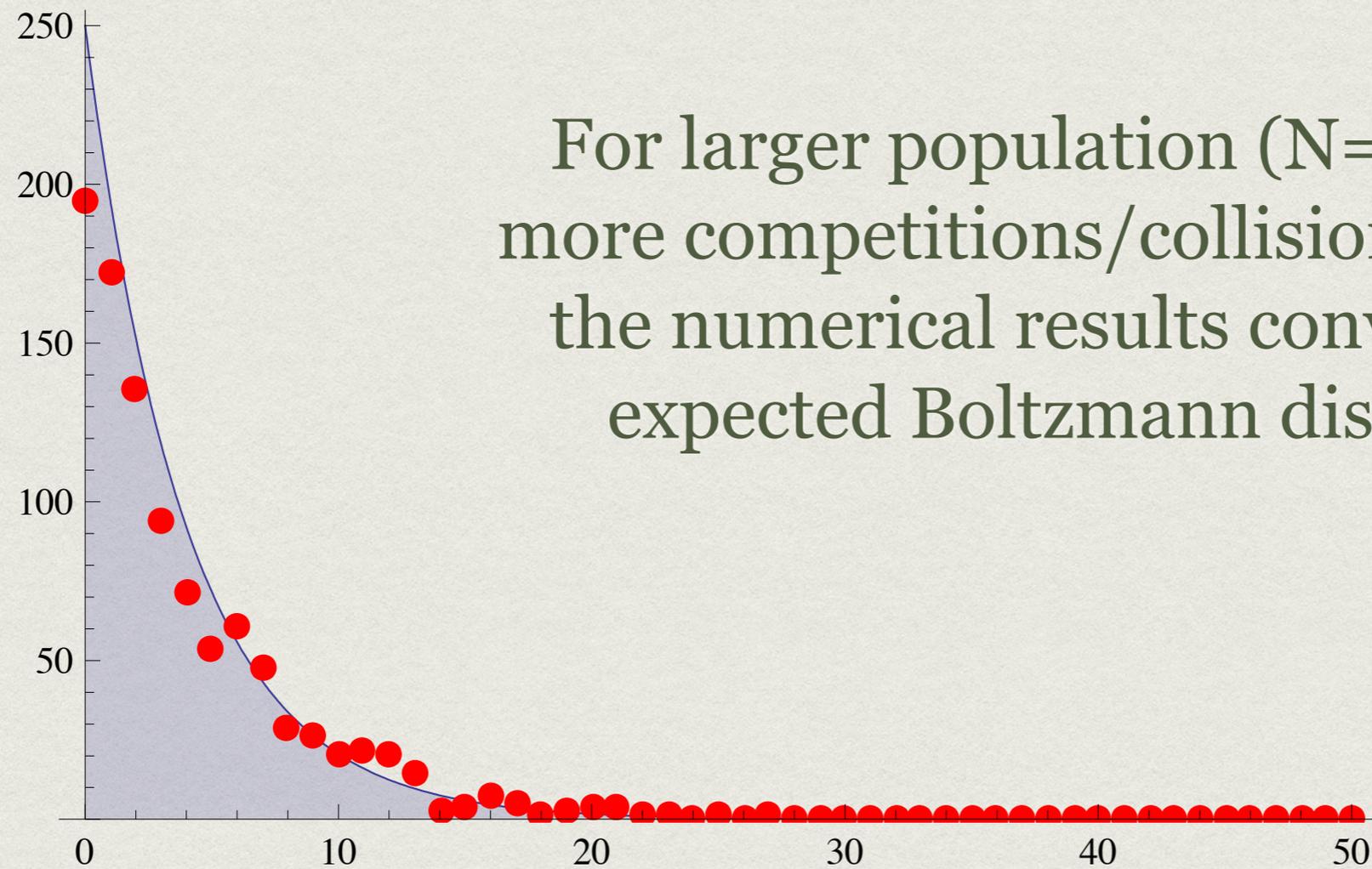
Numerical results for
population=60 and **collision=30**.
Note that there are $60 \cdot 30 / 2 = 900$
collisions in total.



The shaded area is the prediction
from **Boltzmann distribution**.



LARGER POPULATION



For larger population ($N=1000$) with more competitions/collisions ($C=1000$), the numerical results converge to the expected Boltzmann distribution.

YAKOVENKO'S TALKS

<http://online.kitp.ucsb.edu/online/colloq/yakovenko1/>

<http://online.kitp.ucsb.edu/online/colloq/yakovenko2/>

You can find Prof. Yakovenko's interesting talks in the above webpages provided by KITP in Santa Barbara.

Statistical Mechanics of Money, Income, and Wealth

Victor M. Yakovenko

Adrian A. Dragulescu and A. Christian Silva

Department of Physics, University of Maryland, College Park, USA

<http://www2.physics.umd.edu/~yakovenk/econophysics.html>

Publications

- European Physical Journal B **17**, 723 (2000), cond-mat/0001432
- European Physical Journal B **20**, 585 (2001), cond-mat/0008305
- Physica A **299**, 213 (2001), cond-mat/0103544
- *Modeling of Complex Systems: Seventh Granada Lectures*, AIP CP **661**, 180 (2003), cond-mat/0211175

New Developments in Statistical Mechanics of Money, Income, and Wealth

Victor M. Yakovenko

Department of Physics, University of Maryland, College Park, USA

<http://www2.physics.umd.edu/~yakovenk/econophysics/>

with A. A. Dragulescu, A. C. Silva, A. Banerjee, T. Di Matteo, J. B. Rosser

- *European Physical Journal B* **17**, 723 (2000)
-
- Accepted to *Reviews of Modern Physics* (2009), arXiv:0905.1518

Outline of the talk

- Statistical mechanics of money
- Debt and financial instability
- Two-class structure of income distribution

More ambitious students can try to look up the paper:
Review of Modern Physics **81, 1703 (2009)**