

5.9

Forests

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Forests

- Definition: A forest is a set of $n \geq 0$ disjoint trees.

Three-tree forest

- Operations :
 - Transforming a forest to binary tree
 - Forest traversals

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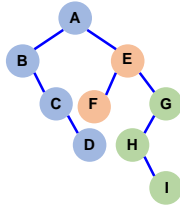
5.9.1 Transform a Forest to a Binary Tree

- Apply left child-right sibling approach
 - Convert each tree into binary tree
 - For each tree root, make a rightChild link to the tree root on its right.

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Transform a Forest to a Binary Tree

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5.9.2

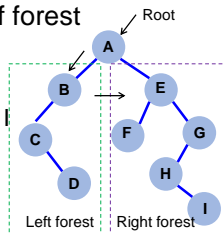
Forest Traversals

- Assume we have a forest **F** and the corresponding binary tree **T**, then
- The **Preorder (inorder)** traversal of **T** is equivalent to visiting the nodes of **F** in **forest preorder (inorder)**

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Forest Preorder Traversal

- Preorder traversal of binary tree
 - A B C D E F G H I
- Preorder traversal of forest
 - Root: A
 - Left forest: B C D
 - Right forest: E F G H I



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