

Flexsim: Global Table and Experimenter

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- 1 Global Table
- 2 Set Queue and Processor to a Group
- 3 Experimenter

Global Table and Experimenter

- Goal: To learn **Global Table**, **Experimenter** in Flexsim
- Problem: To estimate $E(W)$, $E(L)$, $E(W_q)$, and $E(L_q)$ for MM1 systems with inter-arrival rates λ and service rates μ listed below.

Cases	λ	μ	$E(X)$	$E(S)$	$E(W)$	$E(L)$	$E(W_q)$	$E(L_q)$
1	2	3	0.5	1/3	1	2	2/3	4/3
2	1	2	1	0.5	1.00	1.00	0.50	0.50
3	0.1	2	10	0.5	0.53	0.05	0.03	0.00
4	0.5	2	2	0.5	0.67	0.33	0.17	0.08
5	0.5	1	2	1	2.00	1.00	1.00	0.50

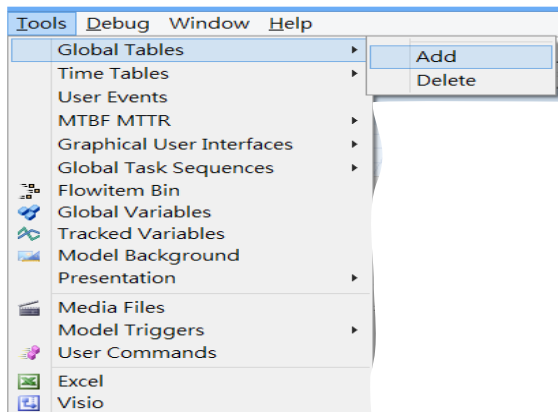
Figure : M/M/1 analytical solutions

- In Flexsim, you are asked to input the expected value of inter-arrival time, $E(X)$, and the expected service time, $E(S)$; instead of λ and μ . (hint: $E(X) = 1/\lambda$, $E(S) = 1/\beta$)

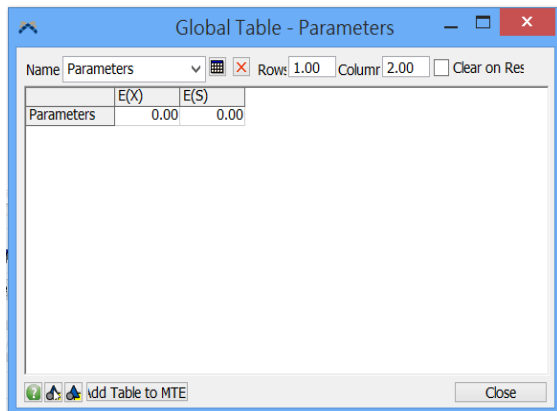
Ex: M/M/1: exponential(0, Mean_X, 0)

- “Tools > Global Tables > Add” (pp. 5-6)
 1. Add a table name, say “Parameters”
 2. Setup row no. (ex. 1) and column no. (ex. 2)
 3. Cell values can be “0”. These cell values will be set up in “Statistics > Experimenter > Scenarios”
- “Source1 > Arrival Style (Inter-Arrival Time)”. ex: exponential(0, Mean_X, 0) (Self-code is needed) (pp. 7-9)
- Set Queue and Processor to a Group (p. 13)
- “Statistics > Experimenter > Scenarios ” (pp. 14-24)
 1. Scenarios: 5 scenarios
 2. Experiment Variables: Assume there are 2 variables (ex. E(X) and E(S))
 3. Variable: choosing values from list, then key in cell values
- “Statistics > Experimenter > Performance Measures”
 1. Name: ex. E(L_Q), E(W_Q)
 2. Label for y-axis: E(Queue Length), E(Wait Time in Queue)
 3. Performance Measure: choosing values from list (click twice).
- “Statistics > Experimenter > Experiment Run”
 1. Run Time: ex. 3600;
 2. Warmup Time: ex. 0
 3. Replications per Scenario: ex. 50

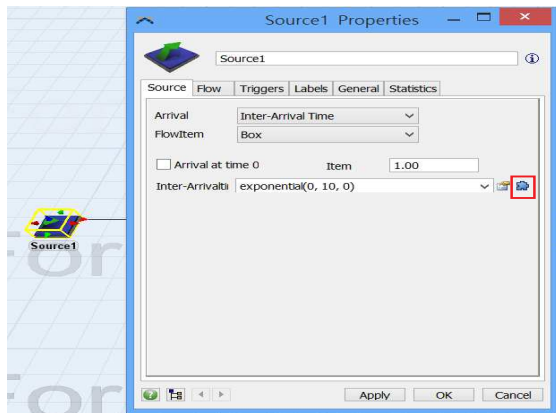
Add Global Table



Add Global Table

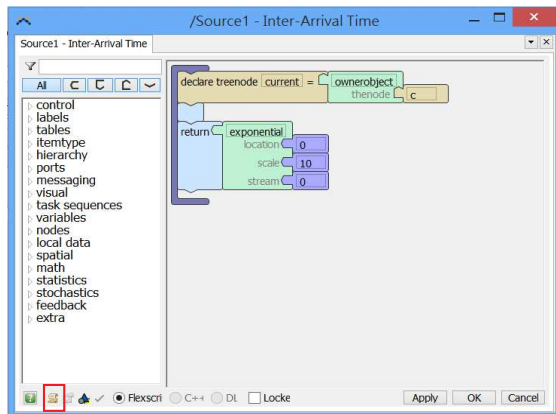


Set mean inter-arrival time in Source

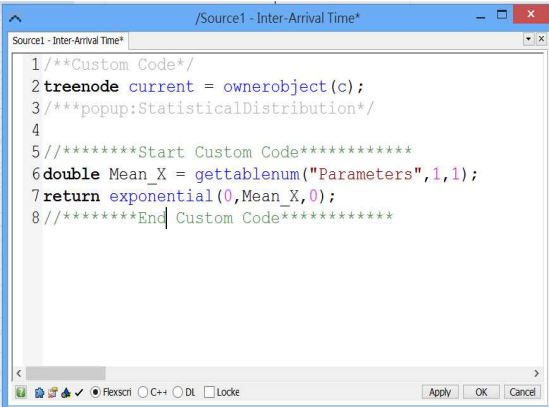


- `gettablenum("tablename", i-row, j-column)`

Set mean inter-arrival time in Source



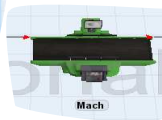
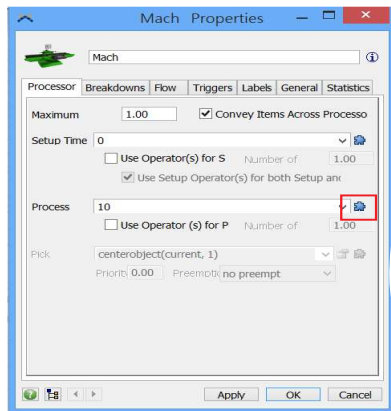
Set mean inter-arrival time in Source



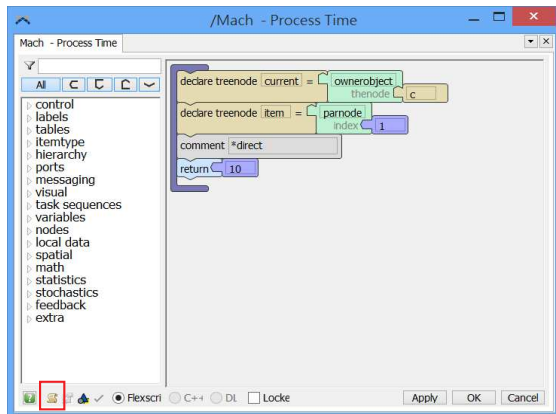
```
1 /**Custom Code*/
2 treenode current = ownerobject(c);
3 /**popup:StatisticalDistribution*/
4
5 //*****Start Custom Code*****
6 double Mean_X = gettablenum("Parameters",1,1);
7 return exponential(0,Mean_X,0);
8 //*****End Custom Code*****
```

The screenshot shows a window titled "/Source1 - Inter-Arrival Time*" with a text editor containing the following code. The code is a custom script for a source in Flexsim, designed to retrieve a mean value from a table and use it to generate an exponential inter-arrival time distribution. The code includes comments for documentation and a section for custom code.

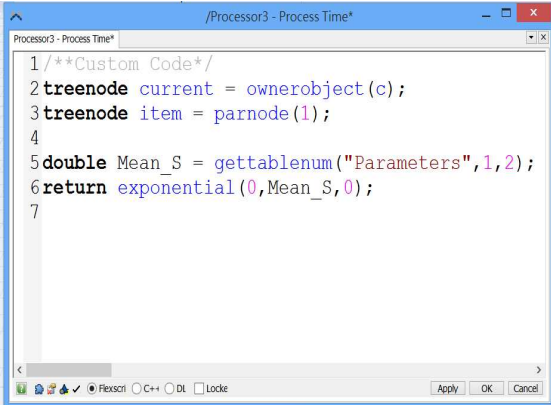
Set mean service time in Processor



Set mean service time in Processor



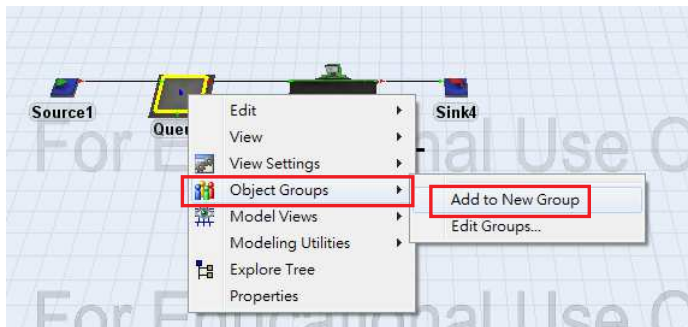
Set mean service time in Processor



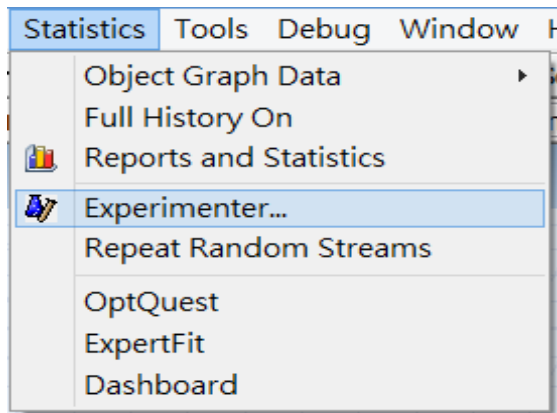
```
1 /**Custom Code*/
2 treenode current = ownerobject(c);
3 treenode item = parnode(1);
4
5 double Mean_S = gettablenum("Parameters",1,2);
6 return exponential(0,Mean_S,0);
7
```

Set Queue and Processor to a Group

- 在 Queue 及 Processor 上按右鍵點選 Object Groups → Add to New Group



Experimenter



Experimenter - Set Scenarios

Simulation Experiment Control

Scenarios Performance Measures Experiment Run Advanced

Scenarios 5 Experiment Variables 2 Go to Scenario ▾

Variable		Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4	Scenario 5
Variable 1	/Tools/GlobalTables/Parameters>variables/data/1/1	0.5	1	10	2	2
Variable 2	Table Value ▾ s/data/1/2	0.33333333	0.5	0.5	0.5	1

Parameters ▾

Row 1 ▾

Column 1 ▾

2

Experimenter - Set Scenarios

Simulation Experiment Control

Scenarios Performance Measures Experiment Run Advanced

Scenarios 5 Experiment Variables 2 Go to Scenario ▾

	Variable	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4	Scenario 5
Variable 1	/Tools/GlobalTables/Parameters>variables/data/1/1	0.5	1	10	2	2
Variable 2	/Tools/GlobalTables/Parameters>variables/data/1/2	0.33333333	0.5	0.5	0.5	1

Table Value ▾

Parameters ▾

Row 1 ▾

Column ▾

1

2

Experimenter - Set Scenarios

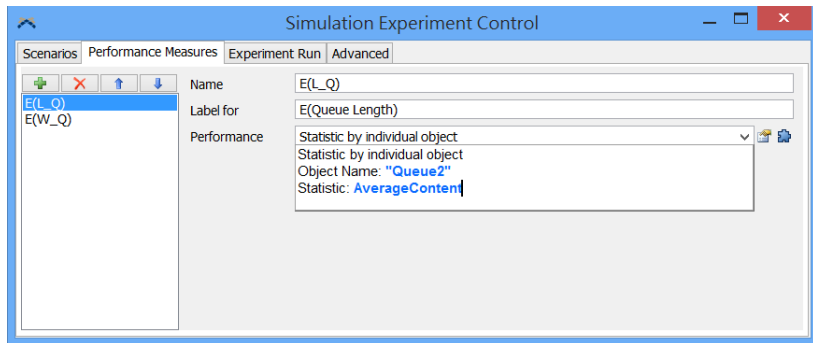
Simulation Experiment Control

Scenarios Performance Measures Experiment Run Advanced

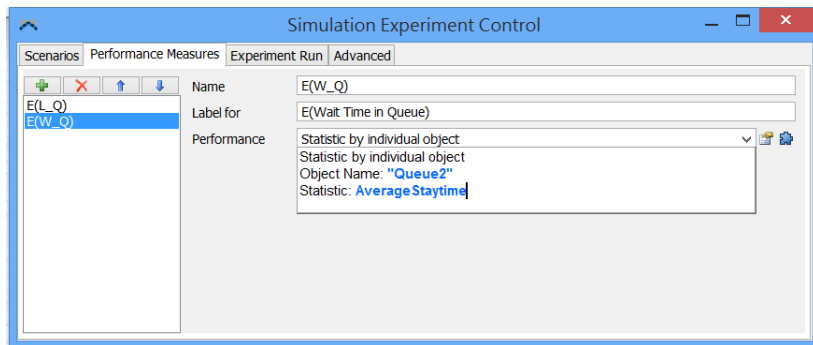
Scenarios 5 Experiment Variables 2 Go to Scenario ▾

	Variable	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4	Scenario 5
Variable 1	/Tools/GlobalTables/Parameters>variables/data/1/1	0.5	1	10	2	2
Variable 2	/Tools/GlobalTables/Parameters>variables/data/1/2	0.33333333	0.5	0.5	0.5	1

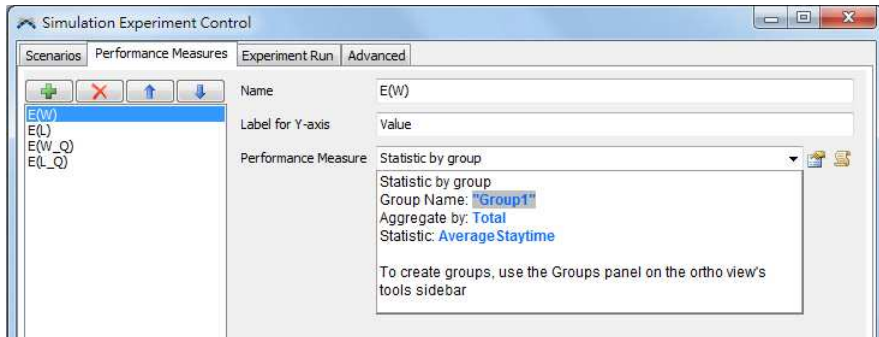
Experimenter - Set Performance Measures



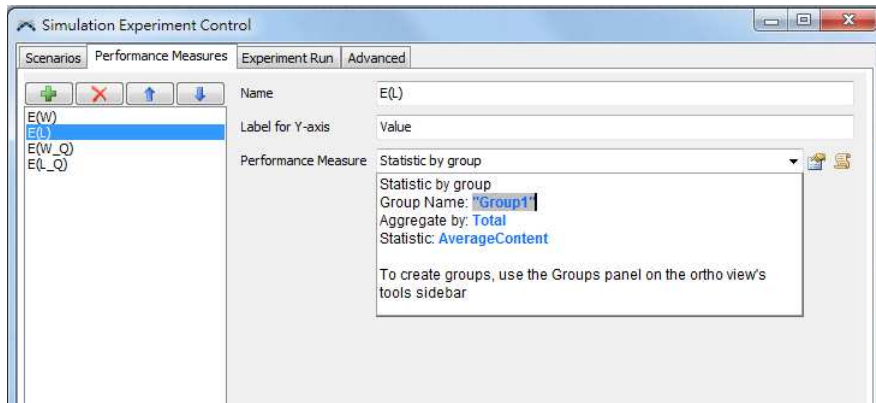
Experimenter - Set Performance Measures



Experimenter - Set Performance Measures



Experimenter - Set Performance Measures



The screenshot shows the "Simulation Experiment Control" window with the "Performance Measures" tab selected. The "Name" field is set to "E(L)", and the "Label for Y-axis" is "Value". The "Performance Measure" dropdown is set to "Statistic by group". The configuration details for "Statistic by group" are:

- Statistic by group
- Group Name: "Group1"
- Aggregate by: Total
- Statistic: AverageContent

To create groups, use the Groups panel on the ortho view's tools sidebar

Experimenter - Experiment Run

The screenshot displays the 'Simulation Experiment Control' window with the 'Experiment Run' tab selected. The interface includes the following elements:

- Navigation Tabs:** Scenarios, Performance Measures, Experiment Run (selected), and Advanced.
- Configuration Fields:**
 - Run to Time: 3600.00
 - Warmup Time: 0.00
 - Replications per Scenario: 50.00
- Buttons:** A large 'Reset Experiment' button is prominently displayed.
- Checkboxes:**
 - Save dashboard data for each replication
 - Save state after each replication
 - Export results after each replication
- Experiment Status:** A section titled 'Experiment Status' showing five scenarios (Scenario 1 to Scenario 5). Each scenario is represented by a horizontal bar composed of 50 small green squares, indicating that all 50 replications for each scenario are completed.
- Bottom Controls:** 'View Results' button, 'Export/Merge Results' dropdown menu, and the 'Export results after each replication' checkbox.

Experimenter Execution Sequence

The first screenshot, 'Simulation Experiment Control', shows a table of variables and their assigned values:

Variable	Value
location_interarrival	0
scale_interarrival	0.5
shape_interarrival	1
location_service	0
scale_service	0.333
shape_service	1.00
stream_interarrival	0.00
stream_service	0.00

The second screenshot, 'Global Table - Parameters', shows the following data:

Name	location	scale	shape	stream
arrival parameters	0.00	0.50	1.00	0.00
service parameters	0.00	0.33	1.00	0.00

The third screenshot, 'Source1 - Inter-Arrival Time*', shows the following code snippet:

```

1 treenode current = ownerobject(c);
2 /**popup:StatisticalDistribution*/
3
4 double location;
5 double scale;
6 double shape;
7 double stream;
8
9 location = gettablenum("Parameters",1,1);
10 scale = gettablenum("Parameters",1,2);
11 shape = gettablenum("Parameters",1,3);
12 stream= gettablenum("Parameters",1,4);
13
14 return
15 /**tag:distribution*//**/weibull/**/ (**/
16 /**tag:par1*//**/location/**/
17 /**tag:par2*//**/ scale/**/
18 /**tag:par3*//**/, shape/**/
19 /**tag:par4*//**/, stream/**/
20 /**tag:par5*//**/ (**/
21 /**)/**/
22 ;
23

```

- Sequence-1: Set values from Experimenter Scenarios into GlobalTable
- Sequence-2: Object get values from GlobalTable

Experimenter Execution Sequence

The diagram shows three windows with red boxes highlighting specific elements and arrows indicating data flow:

- Simulation Experiment Control:** A table with columns 'Variable', 'Variable', and 'Scenario'. The 'Scenario' column contains '1'. A red box highlights the 'Scenario' column.
- Global Table - Parameters:** A table with columns 'Name', 'Parameters', 'location', 'scale', 'shape', and 'stream'. It contains two rows: 'arrival parameters' and 'service parameters'. A red box highlights the 'location', 'scale', 'shape', and 'stream' columns.
- Source1 - Inter-Arrival Time:** A code editor showing C++ code. Lines 9-13 use `gettablenum("Parameters", 1, 1)` to `gettablenum("Parameters", 1, 4)` to retrieve values. A red box highlights these lines.

A large red 'X' is placed between the 'Simulation Experiment Control' and 'Global Table - Parameters' windows, indicating a break or a specific step in the sequence.

- Sequence-1: Set values from **Experimenter Scenarios** into **GlobalTable**
- Sequence-2: **Object** get values from **GlobalTable**
- **Q:What if there is no Scenarios?**

Experimenter Execution Sequence

The diagram shows three windows with red boxes highlighting specific elements and arrows indicating data flow:

- Simulation Experiment Control:** A table with columns 'Scenario', 'Variable', and 'Scenario'. The 'Scenario' column contains '1' and 'Experiment 1'. A red box highlights the 'Scenario' column.
- Global Table - Parameters:** A table with columns 'Name', 'Parameters', 'location', 'scale', 'shape', and 'stream'. It contains two rows: 'arrival parameters' and 'service parameters'. A red box highlights the 'Parameters' column.
- /Source1 - Inter-Arrival Time*:** A code editor showing C++ code. Lines 9-12 use `gettablenum("Parameters", 1, 1)`, `gettablenum("Parameters", 1, 2)`, `gettablenum("Parameters", 1, 3)`, and `gettablenum("Parameters", 1, 4)` to retrieve values. A red box highlights these lines.

A large red 'X' is placed between the 'Simulation Experiment Control' and 'Global Table - Parameters' windows, indicating a break or non-connection in the sequence. Arrows point from the 'Scenario' box in the first window to the 'Parameters' box in the second, and from the 'Parameters' box in the second window to the code lines in the third.

- Sequence-1: Set values from **Experimenter Scenarios** into **GlobalTable**
- Sequence-2: **Object** get values from **GlobalTable**
- **Q:**What if there is no **Scenarios**?
- **A:**Then **Object** will directly get values from **GlobalTable**